

Clyde and Eliza Rasband as her counselors. Emma Fortie was the secretary. They served until 1929 when Nellie C. DeGraff became president. Her counselors included Emma G. Carlile, Lacy Swain, Mary Williams, Mary Sander and Isabel Baum. Mrs. DeGraff served nearly 25 years until 1947 when Violet Olpin was sustained as president with Marion Clegg and Ruth Mae Witt as counselors and Florence Nelson and Leah Horrocks as secretaries.

In 1953 Ruth Mae Witt became president with Mina Giles and Dulcie Young as counselors and Thelma Hair, secretary. Then in 1956 Mina Giles became the ninth president of the Stake Relief Society. Thelma Wootton, LaVon Burch, Yvonne Miller and Lavada Harrison have been her counselors, with Rachel Jaicoletti, DeEsta Jordan and Birdie Rasband as secretaries. Sister Giles, along with Sisters Wootton, Harrison and Rasband constitute the present presidency.

Through the years, the sisters of Wasatch Stake Relief Society have stored wheat, assisted in Red Cross work, financed maternity and child welfare plans, established a nurses training course, offered temple and funeral clothes to members of the Church, assisted in county fairs, sponsored home canning projects of fruit and vegetables, planted trees on the Stake House grounds, participated in Church Welfare programs, sponsored fashion shows, organized choruses of Singing Mothers, conducted social events, purchased hospital beds, studied the Gospel as well as the history of the United States, purchased paintings of Church leaders to hang in buildings and assisted officers of the Priesthood in funeral services and events of the wards and stake.

The work of the Church might go on without the Relief Society, but it certainly would be much more difficult without them.

### WASATCH STAKE SUNDAY SCHOOL

Sunday School meetings in Wasatch County were first held in the homes of members of the Church. As wards were organized they included Sunday School classes. Then when the Wasatch Stake was organized in July of 1877 a stake Sunday School unit was established.

Samuel J. Wing served as the first superintendent in the stake, with James H. Moulton as first assistant and William McMullan as second assistant. They continued until Jan. 23, 1893 when Joseph H. Lambert became superintendent.

During his superintendency the first stake board was organized. Known as the Stake Sunday School Aides, the board consisted of Henry L. McMullan, Joseph A. Rasband, John W. Crook, William H. Bond, Frederick Crook, John W. Winterrose and John Bond, who was secretary. They were called on June 18, 1899, and held the first Stake Sunday School Union Meeting in the Central School at Heber on March 2, 1902.

On Feb. 10, 1901, Richard Bridge and David A. Broadbent were



The Wasatch Stake Sunday School Board, known then as Stake Sunday School Aides, as of 1901. From left, Joseph H. Lambert, Matthew Brown, Henry L. McMullan, William McMullan, assistant superintendent, Richard Bridge, assistant superintendent, Henry L. Bond, John W. Winterrose, Joseph A. Rasband, William H. Bond, Frederick Crook, and John Bond.

called to the stake. At the same time Lawrence Brown and Joseph A. Rasband were called to the stake as assistants.

David A. Broadbent, who was then a broadbent, was called to the stake with Joseph H. D. Tomlinson as assistant. They were called in 1903. The stake Sunday School Aides continued in the stake until 1904 when they were replaced by the Stake Sunday School Board.

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